

# Living Donation: Financial Toolkit

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# State and Federal Laws related to Living Donation

## Several federal laws exist, and other legislative efforts are underway, that relate to living organ donors:

### **Federal Legislation**

- Donor Leave Laws: Employees of the federal government receive 30 days paid leave for organ donation and 7 days for bone marrow donation. The leave is over and above the employee's sick and annual leave. (HR457/ Public Law 106-56)
- Tax Credit (Pending legislation): Legislation has been introduced that would provide a federal tax credit of up to \$5,000 for unreimbursed expenses, including lost wages, for living donors of kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, intestine or bone marrow. This legislation has not yet been passed.

### **State Legislation**

Many states have enacted various laws in support of living organ donation. These laws vary from state-to-state. The following links provide information regarding the various state laws:

- The University of North Carolina Kidney Center also maintains a list of donation and transplant-related policy initiatives, including living organ donation, by state. <u>http://unckidneycenter.org/kidneyhealthlibrary/ health-policy</u>
- The National Kidney Foundation has compiled a list of Donor Leave Laws and Tax Deductions/Credits for Living Donors, by state. <u>https://www.kidney.org/ sites/default/files/ld\_tax\_ded\_leave\_20220603.pdf</u> or <u>https://www.kidney.org/advocacy/resources</u>

Some states have paid disability programs for workers, which may include payment during recovery following organ donation. We encourage you to check with your donor social worker for more information.